(b) if so, what is Government's response to the request?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI D. L. BAITHA): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The prices of free sale sugar are already being maintained at reasonable levels by judicious regulation of monthly releases.

Capacity utilisation in Government of India Presses

1175. SHRI PARVATHANENI UPENDRA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what has been the percentage of capacity utilisation in each of the Government of India Presses in 1985, 1986 and 1987 and to what extent the total production would have been up, had there been full capacity utilisation; and

(b) what steps have been taken during the last two years for better capacity utilisation, stating the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) A statement indicating the percentage of Capacity Utilisation for the years 1985-86, 1986-87 and 1987-88 of each Govt. of India Press and the amount of additional production that would have been possible in case of full capacity utilisation is attached. [*See* Appendix, CXLVI, Annexure No. 49].

(b) The production in various presses is constantly monitored through Monthly Managerial Control Returns. A diagnostic analysis is made of the productivity trends and remedial measures taken to improve productivity. Constraints like inadequate paper supply, mechanical defects and lack of regular power supply hamper progress. Efforts are afoot to improve paper supply. A phased programme of replacement of outmoded machinery has been drawn up and in the first phase modernisation has been taken up at Government of India Presses, Minto Road, Nasik, Faridabad, Nilokheri, Koratty and Coimbatore. The outcome of these measures will be known only after the phased programme of replacement is completed and paper and power suply normalised.

Principal "Tea Tribes" in Assam

1176. SHRI PRITHIBI MAJHI: Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the principal migrating tribes known as "tea tribes" living in Assam; and

(b) what is the percentage of education and employment in Government services of these tea labourers (tribe) population in Assam?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF WELFARE (SHRIMATI SUMATI ORAON): (a) The principal migrated tribes in tea-gardens of Assam are as follows:—

1. Gond
2. Ho
3. Kamar
4. Kandh
5. Kharia
6. Konda
7. Munda
8. Oaon, Orang
9. Pahari
10. Pan
11. Santal, Santhal
12. Sauria, Paharia